

Educator Guide to the 2024Elementary-level (Grade 5) and Intermediate-level (Grade 8) Science Tests

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK Regents of The University

LESTER W. YOUNG, JR.,

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Foreword

The information contained in this Educator Guide is designed to raise educator awareness of the structur of the 2024 New York State Elementarylevel (Grade 5) Science (ELS)and the Intermediatedevel (Grade 8) Science (ILS) Tests measuring the <u>New York State P12 Science Learning Standards</u> (<u>https://wwwnysed.gov/sites/default/files/programs/curriculimstruction/p12-sciencelearning standards.p0</u>

The guide provides educators with pertinent information about the test developmen process the learning standards that the tests are designed to meable test specifications sed to create the test and the test design, which includes what types questions will be asked and the estimated ength of the testing session Links to additional resources are provided to further enhance educators' understanding of the structure of the science tests. Educators are encouraged to review the guide prive test administration to gain familiarity with the test format. The information presented an also be used as a platform for educator discussion on how student assessment results can guide in structure to the science tests.

The Elementary and Intermediate testing schedule for thn. 0.23 0 Td25 0-1 (n)5 (o) Tcon of 202TJ 0 7

Purpose of State Testing The federal Every Student Succeeds Act 6201

Computer-Based Test(CBT) Administration

Schools will be required to administer the Elementarylevel and Intermediatelevel ScienceTests on computer Potential advantages CBT include faster turnaround of student results, additional flexibility in administration windows, reduced administrative preparation, reduction or elimination of standalone field testing, an exploration of adaptive testing models, and fiscal savings fortslisPlease refer to the Statewide Implementation of Computersed Testingmemo (https://www.nysed.gov/sites/default/files/programs/statessessment/memstatewideimplementationof-computerbasedtesting.pd) for details and the implementation timeline More information regardingcomputerbased test administration available attheNYSEDComputerBasedTesting(CBT) Supporttegc -0. Tw 162 (he)-1 (i)-0.001 Tw -w 6.274 ()]Tu (tTJ 3

The New York State #12 Science Learning Standar(0) YSP-12SLS) are a series of Performance Expectations (PEs) that define what students should kanodwbe able to do as a result of their study of science. The New York State 12 Science Learning Standards are based on the Framework-for K ScienceEducation (the Frameworkdeveloped by the National Research Council and the Next Generation Science Standards. The Framework outlithere dimensions that are needed to provide students awith high-quality science education. The integration of these three dimensions provides students with a contex for the content of science, how science knowledge is acquired and understood, and how the sciences a connected through concepts that have universal meaning across the discititiess. contentich standardswill serve as a platform for advancing children's 21-stentury science skills, which include abstract reasoning, collaboration skiltse ability to learn from peers and through technology, and flexibility as learnersin a dynamic learning environment the implementation of thesstandards will provokedialogue and learning experiences twat allow complex topics and ideas to be explored from many angles and perspectives. Studenessexpected to learn how to think and how to solve problems for which there is no one solution hile learning science skills along the way. The integration of the dimensionsis provided throughout the New York State PI2 Science Learning Standard throughout the New York State PI2 Science Learning Standard throughout the New York State PI2 Science Learning Standard through through the New York State PI2 Science Learning Standard through the New York State PI2 Science Learning Standard through the New York State PI2 Science Learning Standard through the New York State PI2 Science Learning Standard through through the New York State PI2 Science Learning Standard through nysed.gov/sites/default/files/programs/curriculingstruction/p12-sciencelearning-standards.pdfand are described below.

Dimension 1: Science and Engineering Practice(SEP)

The Science and Engineering Practice Ps)describe(a) the major practices that scientists employ as they investigate and build models and theories about the world and (b) a key set of engineering practices that engineers use as they design and build systems. The term "practices" is used instead of a term such "skills" to emphasize that engaging in scientific investigation requires not only skill but also knowledge that is specific toeach practice.

The eight Sienceand Engineering

The Elementarylevel and Intermediatevel ScienceTests are rooted in a researchased approach to constructing assessments called PrincipAedsessment esign This approachensure that evidence gleanedfrom the assessment as well asthe interpretations of that vidence align with and support intended claims, purposes, and uses of the assessment method helps ensure that as a sessment are connected thread theresults inform the initial questions/claimsAdditionally, Principled Assessment esignallows for consistent development and administration of tests that are compared ble focus on conceptual and applied student understandings is achieved through the use ofsAssment basedClaims and Assessmet evel Descriptons (PLDs). PLDs provide a structure which to build tasks that allowstudents provide/producevidence to exemplify knowledge and skillsross the range of performance.

Claims and Evidence

AssessmentbasedClaims are overarching statements thratentify the key things a student should be able to do at the end of instruction, hile AssessmentbasedEvidenceare statements thratentify what a student needs to do/say/produincerderto support the acquisition of aclaim. Evidence will operationalize the claimby merging conceptand skills to helpdefine the specific languagehoices within the claim. It is important to recognize that not all combinations of concept and skill will be appropriate given the time and format constraints of the testhe intended purpose, audience, and complexity, some PEs will not be able to be assessed every level to proficiency).¹

Elementary-level Claims and Evidence (35 Grade Band)

Claim #1 (Physical Scienc)e

A student can analyze and apply scientific ideas related to forces and motion, energy changes and energy conservation, patternswinave properties antheir application to transfer information and the structures, properties, and interactions of matter within betweensystems in the physical nd biological world.

Evidence: A student demonstrates understanding of Physical Science through application, evaluation, analysis, and/or synthesis using Science and Engineering Practices,lipesyipCore Ideasand Crosscutting Concepts related to:

- x investigating the effects of forsen the motion of objects, and predicting future motion of objects based on observable patte[349;S21, 3PS22]
- x investigating electromagnetic interactions between objects not in contact and applying these findings to a problem that can be solved using magnets[23, 3-PS24]
- x using evidence to describe the relationship between the speed and energy of an object] [4-
- x providing evidence of the transfer, conversion, and conservation of energy and applying these

¹Although similar in name, the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) Evidence Statements do not serve the same function as the Claims and Evidence produteroElementary and Intermediate

Claim #3 (Earth and Space Sciences

A student can analyze scientific evidence of patterns and cause and effect relationships between Earth and its place in the solar system and between the interconnected processes sees sees interactions and how humans affect natural resources.

Evidence: A student demonstrates understanding of Earth and Space Sciences through application, evaluation, analysis, and/or synthesis using Science and Engineering Practices, Disciplinary Core Ideas and Crosscutting Concepts related to:

- x using Earth system data to describe weather and climate conditions across various temporal and spatial scales; [EES21, 3-ES22]
- investigating the relationship between the movement of water among Earth's spheres and weather; [3ESS23]
- x utilizing scientific evidence to migate meteorological hazards; [ESS31]
- x synthesizing information about the impacts of using natural resources for enets [3]
- x utilizing geologic data to determine past environments and landform characteris ECS [4]
- x investigating the effects of weathering and erosion on Eart [§2]
- x using scientific evidence to identify patterns associated with **brgle** system interactions; [4-ESS22]
- x investigating design solutions to mitigate geologic hazard **E**, **S**[**8**-32]
- x illustrating thevarious connections between Earth's sphere **£§§5**21]
- x describing the distribution of water on Earth;[[**5**S22]
- x identifying conservation efforts related to Earth's system £\$531]
- x describing the effect of spatial scale on the appearance of stars[51]
- x identifying patterns that occur as a result of celestial motiorfisS[512]

Claim #4 (Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sience):

A student can identify problems and design and test solutions that fulfill human needs and wants using the relationships between engineering, technology, and applications of science

Evidence A student demonstrates understanding of Engineering, Technology, and Applications of

Intermediate-levelClaims and Evidence 6-8 Grade Band)

Claim #1 (Physical Scienc)e

A student can apply scientific practices, principles, and technologies to the structure and properties of matter, chemical reactions between substances, forces and their different types of interactions, the type and transfer of energy, and the properties of waves and their interaction with different interaction substances.

Evidence: A student demonstrates understanding of Physical Science through application, evaluation, analysis, and/or synthesis using Science and Engineering Practices, Disciplinary Coreanders Crosscutting Concepts related to:

- x identifying substances based on their chemical and physical properties, and investigating if a chemical reaction or physical change occurs when substances are mixed\$[M\$M\$-P\$18, M\$-P\$12]
- x describing the changes that occur to a substance when thermal energy is added or rednoved, a developing a device that optimizes either the absorption or release of thermal energy § [44],S MS-PS16, MS-PS33]
- x modeling the atomic structure of substances, and investigating the conservation of mass in chemical reactions; [MSS11, MSPS15]
- x describing the societal impacts of developing and using synthetic materials? [3/43]
- x investigating the effects of forces on objects by applying Newton's Laws of Motion P[\$22], MS-PS22]
- x investigating magnetic and electric forces and providing evidenatefields exist between objects exerting these forces; [MPSS23, MS-PS25]
- x providing evidence for the factors that affect attractive gravitational interactions [323]
- x analyzing empirical data pertaining to the factors that affect kinetic energy [\$33]
- x modeling how distance between objects affects the potential energy of a systems and a system of a sy
- x investigating the factors that affect thermal energy transfer in a sample of matter State
- x providing empirical evidence that when work is done on or by a system, the energy in that system changes; [MSPS35]
- x investigating electric currents and energy transfer;-[RSS6]
- x quantitatively and qualitatively modeling the characteristics and energy of wave 9,9419
- x modeling the interactions between we and matter; [MSS42]
- x comparing digital and analog signals using qualitative information- [1983]

Claim #2 (Life Science):

A student can apply scientific practices, principless technologies to the basic structure, function, and organization of living thingswhich allows for the synthesis of information and homeosteries cycling of matter and flow of energy through organisms and ecosystems, the interactions between living things that maintain biodiversity and ecosystem stability, the factors that affect and influence growth, development, and reproduction of organisms, and the evolutionary relationships between organisms and how natural selection and adaptation has led to changes in life on Earth.

Evidence: A student demonstrates understanding of Life Science through application, evaluation analysis, and/or synthesis using Science and Engineering Practices, Disciplinary Coreanders Crosscutting Concepts related to:

- x investigating and modeling the structure and function of cells and cell parts; \$\%\$, MS-LS1-2]
- x describing the evidence for how interacting body systems maintain homeostasLS [NBS]
- x synthesizing informatioabout organisms' responses to stimuli; [MS1-8]
- x explaining and modeling the flow of energy and the cycling of matter within organisms and within their ecosystems; [M&S1-6, M&LS1-7, M&LS2-3]
- x providing evidence for how populations are affected by changes to their ecosystem and resource availability; [MS-LS2-1, MS-LS2-4]
- x predicting patterns of interactions among organisms in ecosystems;\$243]
- x evaluating solutions to environmental problems based on their ability to maintain a healthy, stable ecosysem; [MSLS2-5]
- x using evidence to explain how specific behaviors and structures lead to successful reproduction in organisms; [MSLS1-4]
- x explaining how the growth of organisms is affected by various factors: [[\$/195]
- x modeling why changes to genes can affect the structure and function of organisms 3MB
- x modeling the genetic outcomes of sexual and asexual reproduction; \$848]
- x describing technologies that influence the inheritance of genetic traits: \$45]
- x identifying structural patterns in fossils as evidence for change in life forms throughout Earth's history; [MSLS4-1]
- x comparing anatomical patterns in organisms in order to explain evolutionary relationships among organisms; [MSLS4-1, MS-LS-4-3]
- x using evidence to expin natural selection and adaptation in populations.-[1/3/8-4, MS-LS4-6]

Claim #4 (Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sience):

A student, using the relationships between engineering, technology, and applications of science, can identify criteria and constraints of a design problem to generate, evaluate, and test competing design solutions in order to develop a new solution such that an optimal design is achieved based on iterative testing and modification.

Evidence A student demonstrates understanding of Engineering, TechnalogyApplications of Science through evaluation, analysis, and/or synthesis Gesiregnce and Engineering Practices, Disciplinary Core Ideasand Crosscutting Concepts related to:

x identifying a problem osolve and specifying clear criteria and limitations in order tenliad

Performance Level Definitions

For each subject area, students perform along a continuum of the knowledge and skills necessary to me the demands of the New York State Learning Standal Mass York State Elementar Jevel and Intermediatedevel Science assessments are designed to classified ent performance into one of four levels based on the knowledge and skills the student has demonstrated. Due to the need to identify stude proficiency, the state tests must provide students at each performance level opportunities to demonstrate their knowledge and skills in the Learning and ards.

These performance levels are defined as:

NYS Level 4

Studentsperformingat this level excelin standards for their grade. They demonstrate nowledge, skills, and practice mbodie by the Learning Standards hat are considered hore than sufficient for the expectations at this grade.

NYS Level 3

Students performing at this level are proficientstandards for their grade. They demonstrate knowledge, skills, and practices embodied by the Learning Standards that are considered sufficient

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Testing Sessioa

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